Request to Prefectural Residents

~ Make it a habit to employ the COVID-19 countermeasures ~

- Please proactively consider vaccination for the COVID-19 omicron BA.1 subvariant which is expected more effective than the current vaccine in preventing severe symptoms.
- On a daily basis, avoid 3C "closed spaces, crowded places and close-contact settings" and make it habit to ventilate, wear a mask properly, use hand sanitizer, and observe your health daily.
- When you dine and interact with your friends, please avoid large, prolonged gatherings as much as possible.
- If you have any symptoms such as a fever, sore throat, cough, or runny nose please refrain from going to work, school, on outings, and to group dining.
- To prevent the spread of COVID-19, based on article 24, section 9 of the Act on Special Measures Against COVID-19 (hereinafter referred to as "The Act"), requests will be made to prefectural residents and businesses, and any necessary cooperation will be encouraged.
- If there is a concern about the medical shortage, countermeasures will be strengthened. We would appreciate your cooperation for the countermeasures.

1 Vaccination

- Request for cooperation, based on The Act, Article 24, Paragraph 9
- Request for cooperation, not based on a law

Please receive vaccinations for the COVID-19 omicron BA.1 subvariant

- For eligible persons who are 12 years old and over, please proactively consider vaccinations for the COVID-19 omicron BA.1 subvariant which is expected to be effective in preventing severe symptoms and is expected to be effective against new COVID-19 variants.
- Keeping up-to-date with vaccinations reduces the risk of hospitalization and death. Residents of elderly care facilities and users of day facilities should receive their vaccination as soon as possible, as they are at higher risk of severe infection.
- There is a concern about the spread of seasonal flu in the winter, therefore, please take routine vaccinations for the flu as well.

2 On a daily basis

Please make sure to take thorough COVID-19 countermeasures and please refrain from going out or traveling to crowded places and places with a high risk of infection.

- > If you need to go out or travel, please make sure to avoid "closed spaces, crowded places and close-contact settings".
- Make it habit to ventilate, wear a mask properly, use hand sanitizer, and observe your health daily (especially, the elderly, people who have underlying conditions, and expectant mothers).
- > In case of infection, keep at least a three-day supply of food, medical antigen test kit, and medicine, for example, fever reducers stocked at home.
- Please use the Okinawa COVID-19 Countermeasure Personal Support Application (RICCA) on which we share information about the infection situation and vaccination, etc.

3 When you dine and interact with your friends

Please avoid large, prolonged gatherings and wear a mask indoors as well as when you have a conversation.

- > In places where children gather (such as after-school day-cares, cram schools, etc.), adults should check infection control measures such as the ventilation and proper usage of masks.
- As much as possible, have dinner only with family members whom you live with or people who are always with you. When you dine with large groups of people, please confirm negative results with COVID-19 tests and other tests as much as possible.
- > Please refrain from attending events where large groups of people are unmasked or please confirm negative results with COVID-19 tests beforehand.
- > When dining, use an "Infection Prevention Measure Certified Facility", avoid visiting restaurants and other facilities which are not taking thorough infection prevention measures.
- > When you use restaurants that are not certified with Infection Prevention Measure Certified Facility Certification, dine with no more than 4 people, for no more than 2 hours.

When you feel unwell

If you have any symptoms such as a fever, sore throat, cough, or runny nose please refrain from going to work, school, on outings, and to group dining.

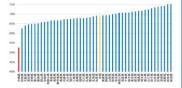
- > If you have any cold symptoms, please make sure to avoid the elderly and expectant mothers for a week as they have a higher risk of a severe case of COVID-19.
- > If you feel unwell or you may have been infected, you can use a medical antigen test kit if you have a mild symptoms or consult the Prefectural Call Center.
- To protect the emergency medical system, please refrain from going to the emergency room if you have a mild illness or to take a COVID-19 test and refrain from the misuse of ambulances.

Let's get vaccinated!

<u>1. Okinawa's vaccination rate is</u> <u>the lowest rate in Japan</u>

- OThe vaccination rate in Okinawa prefecture is the lowest rate in Japan.
- Ovaccination has been reported to be effective at preventing severe symptoms, such as preventing the onset of COVID-19.
- OTo prepare for the spread of COVID-19 in the winter, please update your vaccination.

Vaccination rate of the fourth dose : 60 years old and over (September 27, 2022)



*Red : Okinawa prefecture Blue : other prefectures Yellow : the national average

<u>2. Vaccination for the COVID-19</u> <u>omicron BA.1 subvariant has begun.</u>

OPlease consider additional vaccinations (from the third dose).
OAt the Okinawa Prefecture Wide Area Vaccination Center the Novavax vaccine, which has less side effects, is also provided.
OVaccination will give you peace of mind when attending an event or travelling.



Booking for the Prefectural vaccinations \rightarrow

3. Even if you have had COVID-19, please get vaccinated.

- OIt is reported that vaccinations increase the antibodies produced against COVID-19 more than a COVID-19 infection and it also produces antibodies against various subvariants.
- OIn terms of additional vaccinations for those who have been infected before, 3 months since infection is one of the

current guidelines.

For more information (Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare HP) \rightarrow



4. The flu shot

- OFrom October, please receive routine vaccination as soon as possible.
- OFor routine vaccinations, please check a notice from your local municipality or the municipality's HP for the latest news.
- OThe flu shot and the COVID-19 vaccinations can be received on the same day.



List to contact municipalities (Okinawa prefecture's HP) \rightarrow

To Travelers (Those Considering a Travel to Okinawa)

[Before your visit: Request for cooperation, not based on a law] [After your visit: Request for cooperation, based on The Act, Article 24, Paragraph 9]

- Before traveling to Okinawa, please conduct a thorough health check. If you feel unwell, postpone your trip. We look forward to seeing you another time. Before arriving and during your stay in Okinawa, please make sure to take basic infection prevention measures.
- For those that will visit Okinawa on a school trip, take thorough infection prevention measures, and also make sure to act in accordance with the "Okinawa School Trip Quarantine and Sightseeing Guidelines" and other relevant guidelines.
- For other purposes, such as travel, before your arrival in Okinawa, it is recommended to update your vaccination 2weeks before the trip starts.
- When there is a high risk of infection at the destination, such as when going to parents' home, staying overnight or attending an event, please confirm negative results with a PCR or other test immediately before the start of the trip.
- For those who have chronic illnesses, take it easy and take care of your health during your stay. Also, ensure you have adequate supplies of prescribed medications, and bring extra medication when you visit Okinawa.
- Please use the Okinawa COVID-19 Countermeasure Personal Support Application (RICCA) on which we share information about the infection situation and vaccination, etc.
- > If you feel unwell or have a fever during your stay, please consult the "Traveler's Access Center Okinawa".

[Traveler's Access Center Okinawa (TACO)]

Phone: 098-840-1677 Operation hour: 8:00 ~21:00

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【O: Request for cooperation, based on The Act, Article 24, Paragraph 9 】 【●: Request for cooperation, not based on a law 】

Target Facilities	[Restaurants] Restaurants (excluding takeout and delivery) [Entertainment facilities / wedding halls] Bars, karaoke boxes, wedding halls (etc.) that possess a restaurant business license under the Food Sanitation Act
Details of the Requests	OFor Infection Prevention Measure Certified Facilities, please continue to ensure that the restaurant is safe and secure by taking thorough infection prevention measures, including compliance with the industry specific guidelines.
	①Hygiene management of restaurant: Sufficient ventilation in the restaurant, disinfection of area and utensils touched by customers.
	②Safety and hygiene management of staff: Conducting thorough health management of staff, including daily body temperature checks before work. Recommend vaccination.
	③Safety for customers: Body temperature checks upon entry, sanitizing hands thoroughly, spaced seating, etc.
	(Deny entry to a customer who has symptoms, such as a fever, even if they are mild. Ensure customers comply with infection prevention measures.)
	OFor restaurants that are not certified with Infection Prevention Measure Certified Facility Certification, allow only one group at one table with no more than 4 persons as a general rule.
	•For restaurants that are not certified with Infection Prevention Measure Certified Facility Certification, please encourage customers to dine for no more than 2 hours.
	OFor restaurants that are not certified with Infection Prevention Measure Certified Facility Certification, we encourage these facilities to take thorough infection prevention measures and to get certified with "Infection Prevention Measure Certified Facility" as soon as possible.

When Holding Events

- For event organizers, please hold events in accordance with the Event Capacity Requirements (maximum number of people, venue capacity, etc.).
- In such cases, when the same event is held in areas marked with 'with loud spectator cheering and/or shouting' and 'free from loud spectator

	Maximum Venue Capacity(*1)				
	Less than 5,000 people	Over 5,000 ~ less than 10,000 people	Over 10,000 people		
Events Free from Loud Spectator Cheering /Shouting	Up to capacity	Up to 5,000 people (*3)	Up to Half of the capacity (*3)		
Events with Loud Spectator Cheering and/or Shouting (*2)	Up to Half of the capacity				

*1:In the case a maximum venue capacity has not been set, the capacity shall be as follows.

• Events Free from Loud Spectator Cheering /Shouting → The spacing should be sufficient to avoid having close-contact between people (There should be enough to avoid person-to-person contact at a minimum).

• Events with Loud Spectator Cheering and/or Shouting -> Sufficient space (2m as much as possible and at least 1m) between people must be provided.

*2: A "Loud Voice" is defined as "a spectator ①speaking louder than their usual voice and ②speaking up repeatedly and continuously", and events that actively encourage this practice or do not take sufficient necessary countermeasures are classified as "Events where spectators tend to shout".

*3: The maximum number of people is allowed up to the capacity of the facility, under the condition that an infection prevention safety plan is prepared and implemented.

- > Event Organizers should thoroughly comply with the industry specific guidelines.
- For events with more than 5,000 participants and over 50% of the capacity (In the case a maximum venue capacity has not been set, events that are estimated to have more than 5,000 participants and are unable to provide sufficient space between people [unable to provide 1 meter of physical distance between people]), the organizers must prepare and submit an Infection Prevention Safety Plan with specific measures to the prefectural government at least two weeks before the event.
- If it doesn't meet the request by the prefectural government, review the event upon the request of the prefectural government or refrain from holding an event.
- Respond promptly in the event of a national outbreak or cluster at an event, and if the national government revises its industry-specific guidelines, capacity requirements and maximum number of people.
- > For events with large numbers of people, recommend visitors to update with vaccinations or confirm negative results by PCR or other tests in advance.
- If food or drink is served, organizers should designate an eating and drinking area and ensure participants do not to eat and drink outside the dedicated eating and drinking areas. However, this does not apply in environments where measures can be taken to ensure the wearing of masks except when eating or drinking, or to shorten eating and drinking times in order to reduce the time spent unmasking, on the basis that there is no vocalization.
- If alcohol is served, please ensure people do not drink in locations other than the designated area for eating and drinking. Even in the designated areas, please take appropriate measures like ensuring participants refrain from actions that have a high risk of infection such as prolonged drinking, loud voices, etc.
- For events that do not have an Infection Prevention Safety Plan, infection control measures should be thoroughly implemented through the preparation of checklists and other. For more details, see the "Restrictions on holding events".(<u>https://www.pref.okinawa.lg.jp/site/chijiko/kohokoryu/koho/20200828.html</u>)

Participants of an event are asked to ensure they take basic infection control measures in order to reduce the risk of infection, such as going directly to the venue and home.

To Commercial and Visitor-attracting Facilities

The following infection control measures shall be implemented in sports facilities, amusement centers, cinemas, shopping malls and other facilities as regulated in Article 11, section 1 of the Special Measures Act.

- > The compliance with the industry specific guidelines, implementation of thorough infection prevention measures.
- Control and guide visitors so that they do not crowd together (especially when holding events that attract visitors, work to ensure that they are not crowded or close together).
- > Requesting visitors wear masks properly, etc.
- Take effective measures to prevent infection through droplets from conversation, etc. (Especially, for food courts, measures such as the installation of acrylic panels, etc. or ensuring seating spacing and thorough ventilation).

To businesses

[The Act, Article 24, Paragraph 9: Requests for Cooperation]

- Ensure that employees take care of their health condition thoroughly and if you feel unwell, do not come to work and do not make anyone who is unwell go to work.
- In cases that an employee tests positive or becomes a close contact of someone COVID-19 positive, negative proof of PCR or other tests shall not be required when the employee goes to work.
- Take measures to prevent dense commuting to and from work, such as working from home (teleworking), videoconferencing and expanding staggered working hours.
- > Adhere to the Guidelines for Preventing the Spread of COVID-19 specified by the industry.
- Encourage vaccination in the workplace (please provide an environment conducive to vaccination).
- Provide an environment that makes it easier for employees to nurse and take care of their children in case of home treatment or temporary closure of primary schools, etc. (By utilizing the subsidy for guardians affected by school closures, please establish a paid leave system for employees, etc.).
- Conduct effective indoor ventilation and other measures to deal with aerosol infections, such as the constant operation of ventilation fans and additional window openings.

Requests to elderly care and disabled care facilities

[The Act, Article 24, Paragraph 9: Requests for Cooperation]

- > Ensure that employees take care of their health condition thoroughly and if you feel unwell, do not come to work and do not make anyone who is unwell go to work.
- > Conduct effective indoor ventilation and other measures to deal with aerosol infections, such as the constant operation of ventilation fans and additional window openings.
- In elderly and disabled care facilities, infection control measures should be thoroughly implemented to prevent infection of facility users, such as wearing masks during recreation, opening windows during pick-up and drop-off, conducting visits while taking thorough countermeasures such as advance testing, and separating the lines of flow at day care facilities.
- In elderly care facilities and facilities for persons with disabilities, conduct regular testing for employees and vaccination should be recommended to users (please provide an environment conductive to vaccination).

Implementation of Initiatives in Cooperation with the Prefecture in each Municipality

- Raise awareness of infection prevention measures among local residents and call for cooperation from residents' associations, etc., by using the information vehicles and disaster warning systems.
- > Municipalities that are in charge of vaccination should accelerate the third and fourth vaccination.
- Please check the vaccination status of elderly persons requiring care and encourage them to receive vaccination through care managers and other care professionals.
- For events that do not meet the Prefectural standards taking place in local municipalities, encourage the review of the event upon the requests of the Okinawa Prefectural Response Policy or encourage the event be cancelled or postponed.

Requests to Schools

[The Act, Article 24, Paragraph 9: Requests for Cooperation]

- Based on the actions on the basis of the Sanitation Management Manuals, etc., please carry out effective indoor ventilation and the correct use of masks in response to the aerosol infection, including the constant operation of ventilation fans and additional window openings.
- Please refrain from educational activities with a particularly high risk of infection (*), regardless of the level in the Manual. Even in areas where infection is not spreading, the implementation of such activities should be carefully considered.
- > Thoroughly monitor the health of teachers, staff and students, using health observation charts and health observation apps, and ensure they refrain from going to work, school, club activities, etc. when they are unwell.
- Take measures against heat stroke during summer when temperatures, humidity and heat indexes are high. When outdoors, make sure to inform people to remove their masks if there is no one else around.
- Club activities should be limited to approximately two hours on weekdays (including early morning practice) and three hours on weekends and holidays, and health checks should be carried out at the start of activities and before various competitions, with thorough infection prevention measures such as refraining from activities with a high risk of infection (*).
- Promote the use of RADECO, which allows symptomatic primary and junior high school, high school students and their family members living with them who may be a close contact person to carry out qualitative antigen testing at home.
- In cases that a teacher, staff member or student tests positive or becomes a close contact person, etc., the teacher, staff member, or student shall not be required to submit a negative PCR test or other tests before being allowed to go to work or school.
- *Examples: choral singing and playing of wind instruments such as recorders at close range in a room in music class, dense physical exercise in physical education, etc. (Infection prevention measures based on the characteristics of the Omicron strain from "the 12th Japanese government's coronavirus countermeasures subcommittee".)